

## System Power Supply for TV Series

# Built-in 1ch FET Light Load Type DC / DC converters


**BD8622EFV**

No.09034EAT04

**●Description**

BD8622EFV has realized the high performance and reliability required as a power supply for thin-screen TV.

Due to the high-speed load response, it is most suitable for TV-purpose processors with increasingly high performance, and due to the wide phase margin it leaves a good margin for board pattern & constant setting and so facilitates its application design.

As a high-reliability design, it has various built-in protection circuits (overcurrent protection, output voltage abnormal protection, thermal protection, and off-latch function at the time of abnormality etc.), therefore as an advantage it does not easily damage in every possible abnormal condition such as all-pin short circuit test etc. and hence most suitable for thin-screen TV which requires the high reliability.

**●Features**

- 1) High efficiency in all load area
- 2) 3.0A output current
- 3) PWM mode/PFM mode switch (automatic operation)
- 4) Low current mode/Ripple mode switch with terminal MODE
- 5) Low RDS(ON) internal switches: 75mΩ (typ.)
- 6) ±1% reference voltage accuracy
- 7) Programmable frequency : 250kHz-1MHz  
(Can the adjustment by an external synchronization and the terminal RT resistance.)
- 8) Terminal RT OPEN/SHORT detecting function
- 9) Over current protection function
- 10) Output over voltage/low voltage protection function (over : FB > VREF +60mV , low : FB < VREF -60mV)
- 11) Timer off latch function in abnormal circumstances
- 12) Thermal shutdown function
- 13) Under voltage protection
- 14) Soft start/start delay circuit
- 15) Soft start time out function
- 16) Protecting BUS function with terminal PDET
- 17) HTSSOP-B20 package

## ●Electrical characteristics

(Unless otherwise noted Ta=25°C, VIN=3.3V, GND=0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Specification value			UNIT	Condition
		MIN	TYP	MAX		
VIN supply current (operating)	$I_{Q\_active}$	-	210	350	$\mu A$	$V_{FB} = 0.83V, V_{FC} = 1V$
VIN supply current (standby)	$I_{Q\_stby}$	-	0	1	$\mu A$	$V_{EN} = 0V$
Reference voltage (VREF)	$V_{REF}$	0.792	0.8	0.808	V	
Output rise detection voltage	$V_{OVP}$	30	60	90	mV	Monitoring FB terminal
Output decrease detection voltage	$V_{LVP}$	-90	-60	-30	mV	Monitoring FB terminal
Terminal PDET output current	$I_{PDET}$	0.4	-	-	mA	$V_{PDET} < 0.3V$
Oscillation frequency	$f_{OSC}$	500	550	600	kHz	$R_{RT} = 220k\Omega$
Pch FET ON resistance	$R_{PFET}$	-	75	110	m $\Omega$	$I_{SW} = 1A$
UVLO voltage	$V_{UVLO}$	2.35	2.50	2.65	V	
SW leak current	$I_{LSW}$	-	0	1	$\mu A$	$V_{EN} = 0V, V_{IN} = 5.5V$
EN terminal H threshold voltage	$V_{ENH}$	1.1	-	-	V	
EN terminal L threshold voltage	$V_{ENL}$	-	-	0.4	V	
FC sink current	$I_{FCSI}$	10	20	-	$\mu A$	
FC source current	$I_{FCSSO}$	-	-20	-10	$\mu A$	
SS/DELAY terminal source current	$I_{SSSO}$	2	4	6	$\mu A$	
Terminal PDET pull-up resistor	$R_{PDET}$	100	170	250	k $\Omega$	

$V_{FB}$ :FB terminal voltage,  $V_{EN}$ :EN terminal voltage,  $V_{FC}$ :FC terminal voltage,  $V_{PDET}$ : PDET terminal voltage  
Current capability should not exceed Pd.

●Block diagram

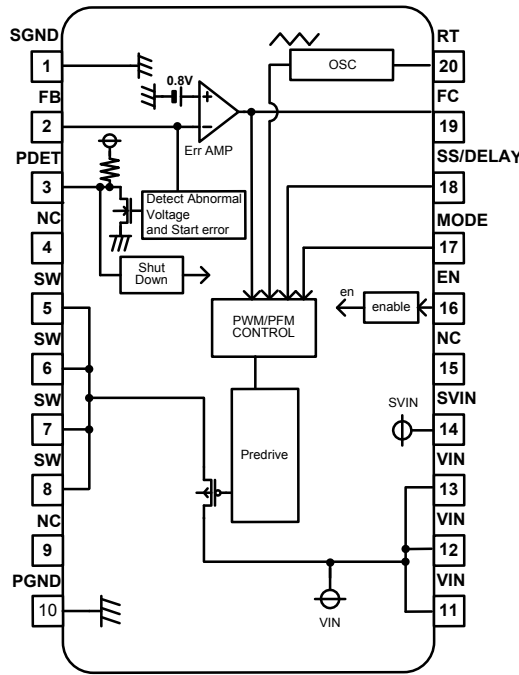


Fig1 Block diagram

●Pin Description

No.	Symbol	Description	Explanation
1	SGND	Signal GND terminal	Small signal system GND
2	FB	Feed back terminal	Output voltage detection
3	PDET	Abnormal state notification and external IC abnormality detection terminal	Protecting BUS communication terminal
4	NC		
5	SW	Switching output terminal	
6	SW		
7	SW		
8	SW		
9	NC		
10	PGND	Power GND terminal	GND for power MOSFET
11	VIN	Power supply input terminal	Power supply input. The decoupling is done to PGND
12	VIN		
13	VIN		
14	VIN		
15	NC		
16	EN	Enable input	ON/OFF control for device operation
17	MODE	MODE selection terminal	The operation mode is switched according to the input voltage at a light load.
18	SS/DELAY	Soft start adjustment capacity connection terminal	The soft start time is adjusted with the connected capacitor
19	FC	Error amplifier output	Error amplifier phase compensation point
20	RT	Frequency adjustment resistance connection terminal	The switching frequency is set by the connected resistance

●Pin equivalence circuit diagram

No.	Symbol	Explanation	Terminal equivalent circuit diagram
1	SGND	GND (connected 0V)	
2	FB	Output voltage detection terminal	
3	PDET	Protecting BUS I/O terminal	
5,6,7,8	SW	Output terminal	
10	PGND	Power GND (Same voltage as SGND)	
11,12,13	PVIN	Power supply input terminal	
14	SVIN	Power supply input terminal	

No.	Symbol	Explanation	Terminal equivalent circuit diagram
16	EN	Enable terminal	
17	MODE	Operation mode switch terminal at light load	

No.	Symbol	Explanation	Terminal equivalent circuit diagram
18	SS /DELAY	Soft start time adjustment terminal	
19	FC	Error amplifier compensation terminal	
20	RT	Oscillator frequency adjustment terminal	

●Operation description

Enable control

The device can be controlled ON/OFF by EN terminal (16 pin) voltage.

An internal circuit starts when VEN reaches 1.1V.

When standing up of VIN is too steep (1msec or less), a defective start might be caused according to the state of Pascon between GND substrate pattern and power supply-when the terminal EN is short-circuited to the terminal VIN and it is used.

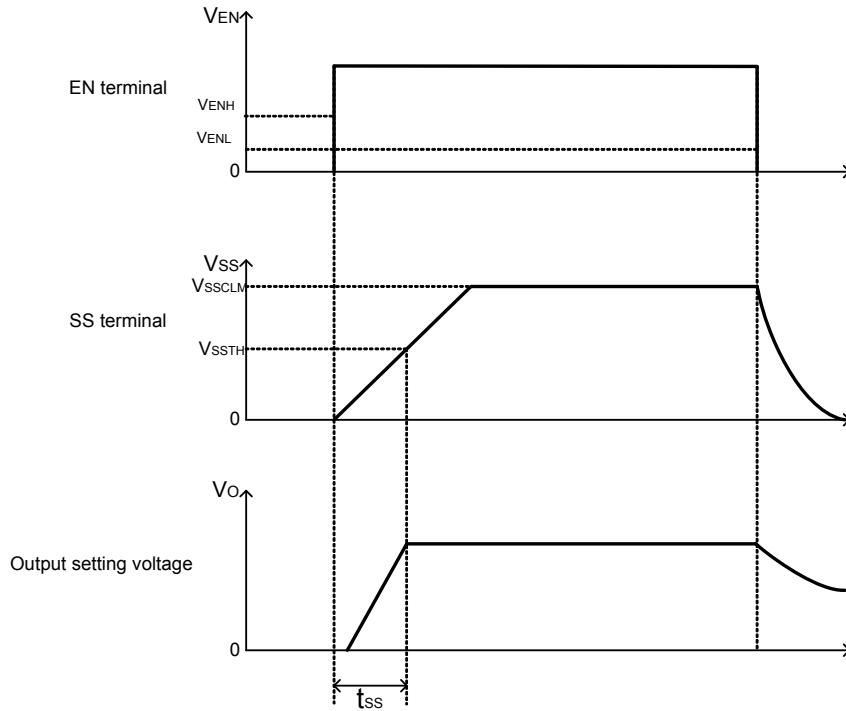


Fig.2 ON/OFF transition wave form in EN controlling

**Soft start time set function**

As for BD8622EFV, output can do soft start without overshoot by charging soft start capacity (CSS) connected between SS and SGND terminal.

Also, soft start time (tss) can be set by setting soft start capacity (CSS) arbitrarily.

**OSC oscillation frequency setting function**

The output oscillation frequency can be set by connecting resistance between terminal RT (20 pins) and SGND (range = 250kHz - 1MHz)

The relation between RT terminal resistance and the oscillation frequency follows Fig.4.

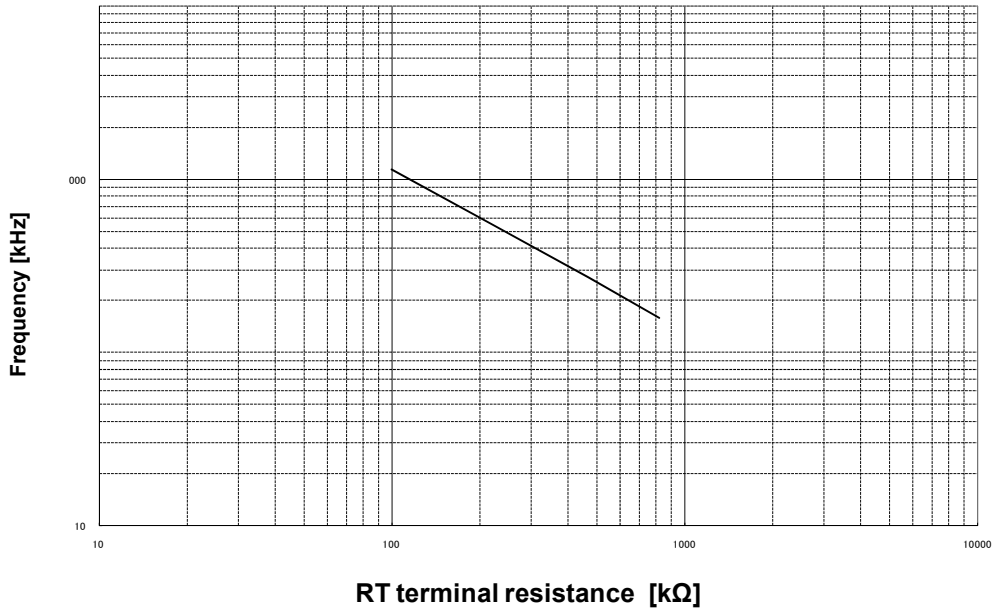


Fig.4 RT resistance-oscillation frequency

**Light load mode operation**

- Low current mode

When the terminal MODE (17 pins) is made "H", low current mode operation becomes effective. The characteristic of the efficiency valuing is obtained in low current mode operation at a light load.

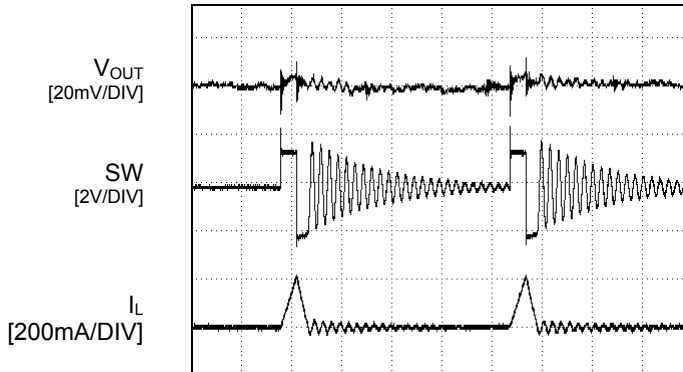


Fig.5 Low current mode operation

- Low ripple mode

When the terminal MODE is made "L", the Low ripple mode operation becomes effective. It becomes operation of valuing a low ripple in the Low ripple mode operation at a light load.

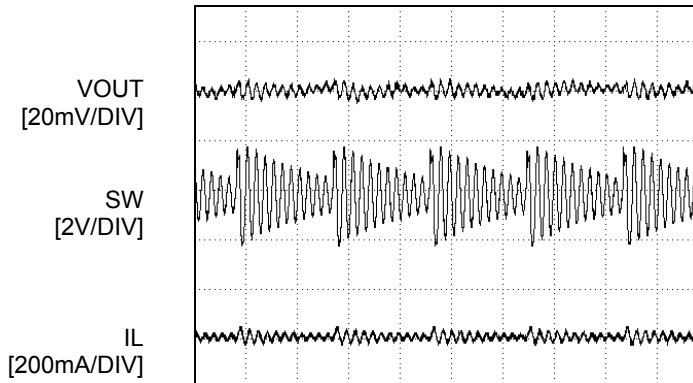


Fig.6 Low ripple mode operation

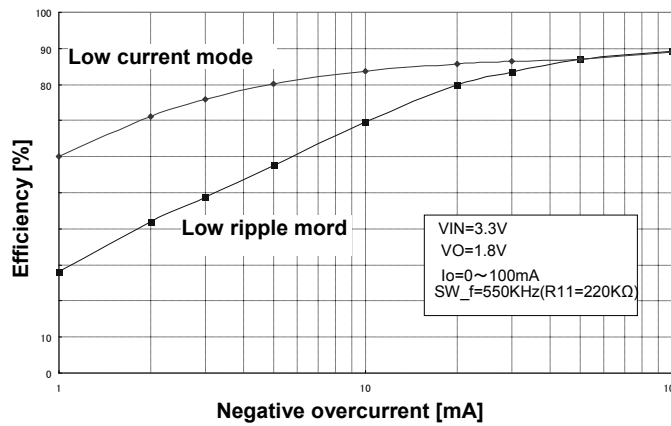


Fig7 Light load mode efficiency comparison

● Protection function

Protection circuit is effective for destruction prevention due to accident so that avoid using under continuous protection operation.

**Low voltage protection function (LVP)**

The voltage of the terminal FB (2 pins) is compared with internal reference voltage VREF. If FB terminal voltage falls below  $V_{LVP}(= VREF - 60mV)$  and the state continues for 500us, output changes to low voltage and the state is fixed. In that case , PDET (3pin) output changes to L.

Table 1 output low voltage protection function

EN terminal	SS terminal	FB terminal	Low voltage protection function	Low voltage protection operation
$>V_{ENH}$	$>1.4V(\text{typ})$	$<V_{LVP}$	Effective	ON
		$>V_{LVP}$		OFF
	$<1.4V(\text{typ})$	-	Invalidity	OFF
$<V_{ENL}$	-	-	Invalidity	OFF

\* Low voltage protection function is available when SS terminal voltage becomes more than 1.4V (typ) in the transition to ON control (during soft start).

**Over voltage protection function(OVP)**

The voltage of the terminal FB is compared with internal reference voltage VREF. If FB terminal voltage is over  $V_{ovp}(=VREF + 60mV)$  and the state is continues for 500usec, output changes to low voltage and the state is fixed.

Table 2 output overvoltage protection function

EN terminal	SS terminal	FB terminal	Over voltage protection function	Over voltage protection operation
$>V_{ENH}$	$>1.4V(\text{typ})$	$>V_{OVP}$	Effective	ON
		$<V_{OVP}$		OFF
	$<1.4V(\text{typ})$	-	Invalidity	OFF
$<V_{ENL}$	-	-	Invalidity	OFF

\* Over voltage protection function is available when SS terminal voltage becomes more than 1.4V (typ) in the transition to ON control (during soft start).

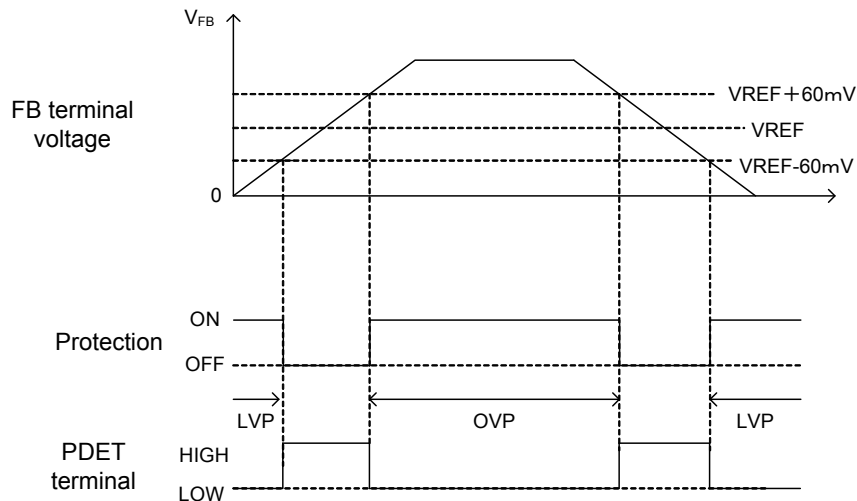


Fig.8 Output voltage error detection range

**Under voltage lock out protection (UVLO)**

As for BD8622EFV, the power-supply voltage decrease detection protection circuit is built in.

If the input voltage decrease below the UVLO voltage (2.5V typ), the device state changes to the standby mode (Moreover, to prevent the chattering of the output) hysteresis width of 100mV(typ) has been installed in the UVLO cancel voltage.

**RT terminal open/short protection function (RTO/RTS)**

RT terminal opening/short protection function prevent the clock from abnormal oscillation.

If RT terminal open/short protection function is detected, output voltage changes to low level and is fixed.

Terminal RT opening/short protection function is available if the state continue for 500usec, abnormal detection operates when the state continues about 500µsec(typ).

**Soft start time-out function**

If VSS doesn't exceed VSSTH within 64msec (typ) since a soft start began, BD8622EFV controls an off latch.

Vo is fixed in a low level.

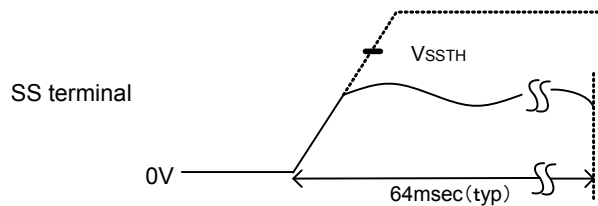


Fig.9 Soft start time-out

**Thermal shut down function**

Thermal shut down circuit (TSD circuit) is built into BD8622EFV. When the temperature of the chip exceeds  $T_{jmax}=175$ , the DC/DC converter is fixed in a low voltage.

TSD function is aimed to shut down IC from thermal reckless driving under an abnormal state to exceed  $T_{jmax}=175$ .

It aims at neither protection nor the guarantee of the set. Therefore, please do not use this function to protect the set.

**Over current protection function**

The over current protection function has been achieved by limiting the current that flows on high side MOSFET.

The current is controlled in every one cycle of the switching frequency. When an abnormal state continues for about 500µsec(typ), the output is fixed in a low level.

**Protecting BUS function with terminal PDET**

The terminal PDET (3 pins) monitors whether IC is normal or not. When IC becomes abnormal, the PDET output is reduced at "L" level with the output voltage fixed "L" level at the same time. Moreover, it is possible to make the output fix in a low level by compulsorily reducing the terminal PDET at "L" level from the outside.

When two or more BD8622EFV is used in the application, this function prevents the IC from destroying, because one IC error transmits all other ICs by PDET line in the condition that PDET terminals are connected each other.

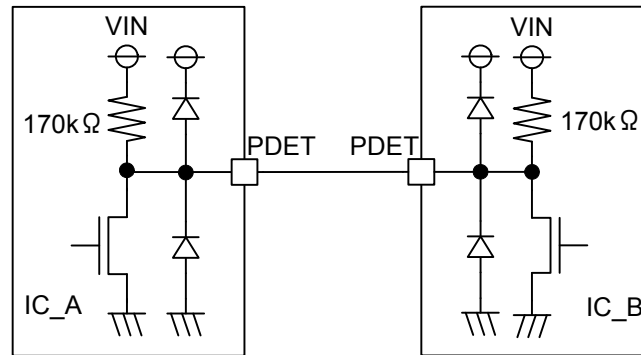


Fig.10 Protecting BUS communication

※Please give the terminal PDET as OPEN when you do not use protecting BUS function.

**Error detection (off latch) release method**

BD8622EFV enters the state of an off latch when the protection function operates.

To release the off latch state, EN terminal voltage should be changed to low level once time.

● Each characteristic reference data

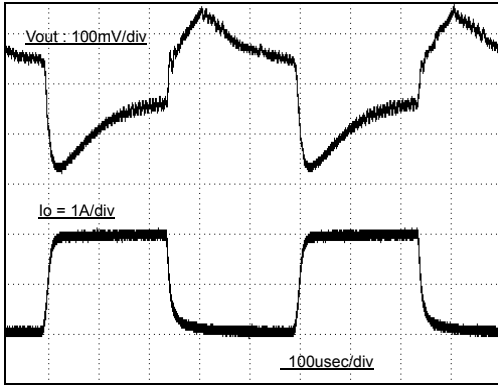


Fig.11 Output load response

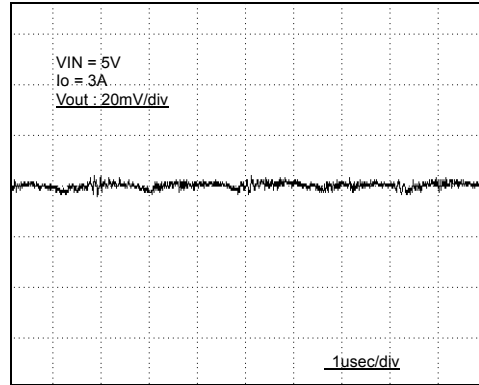


Fig.12 Output ripple

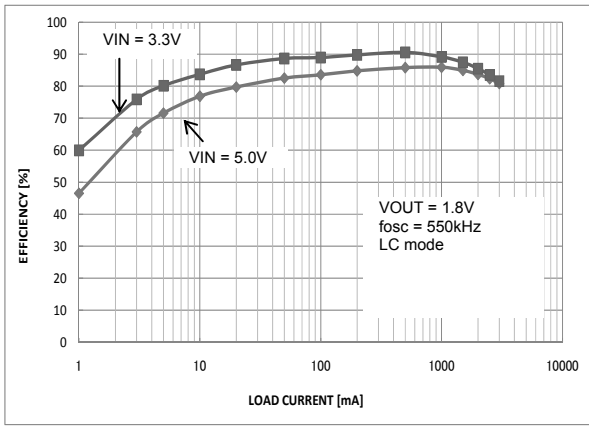


Fig.13 Efficiency

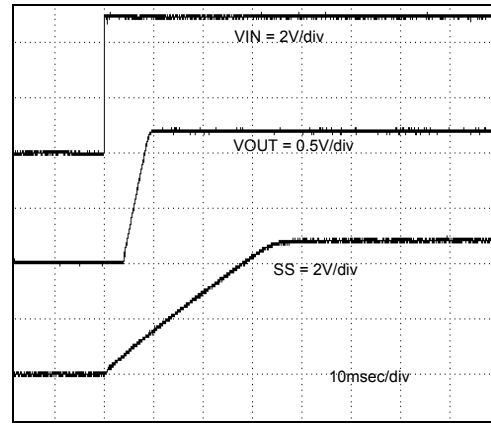


Fig.14 Soft start

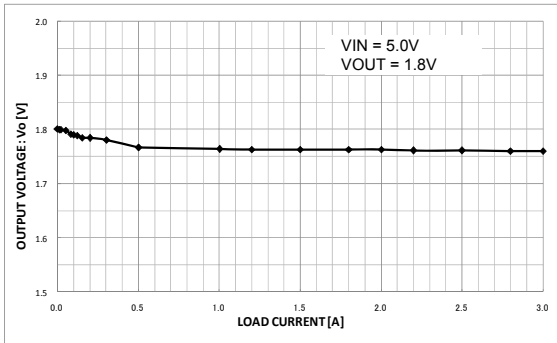


Fig.15 Regulation

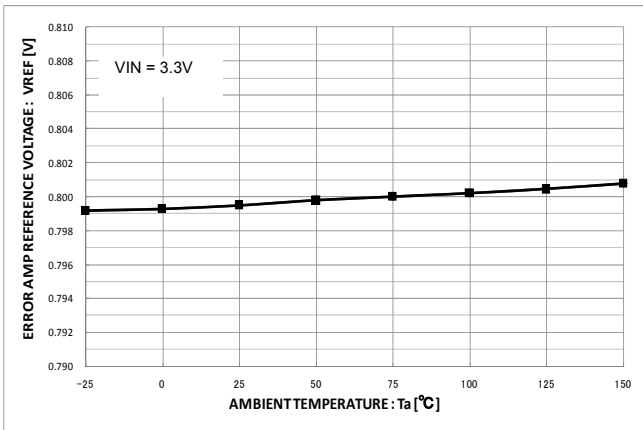


Fig.16 Reference voltage - Temperature characteristic

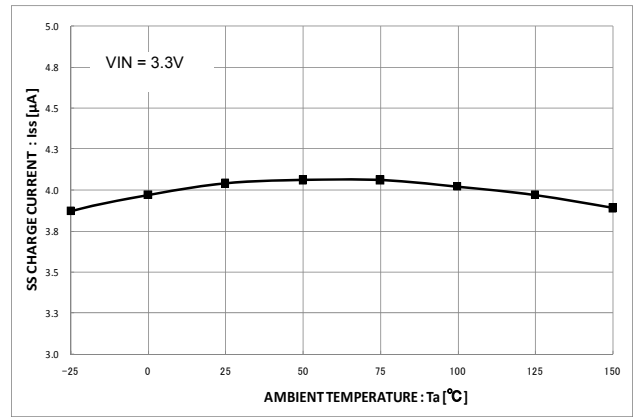


Fig.17 SS Charging current - Temperature characteristic

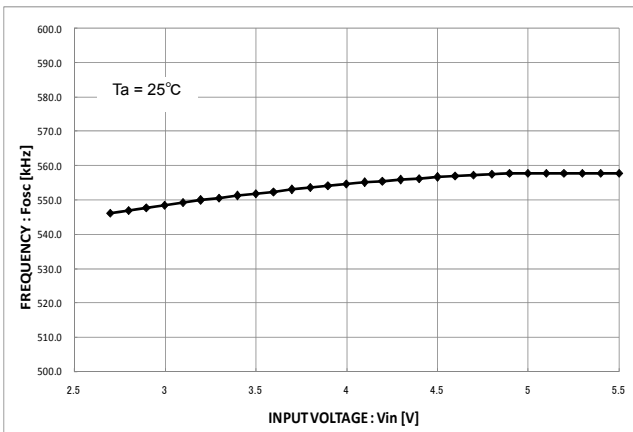


Fig.18 Switching frequency-power-supply voltage

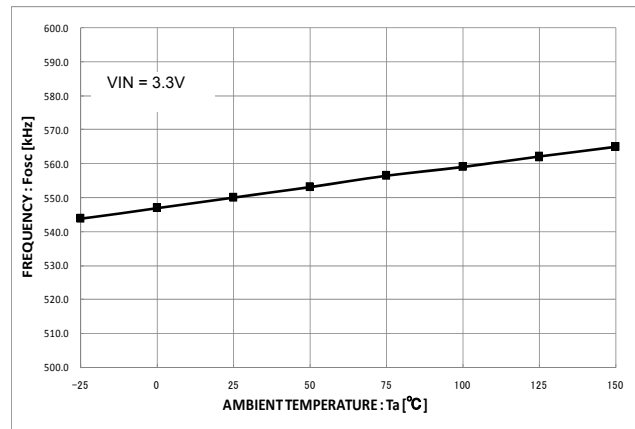


Fig.19 Switching frequency-temperature characteristic

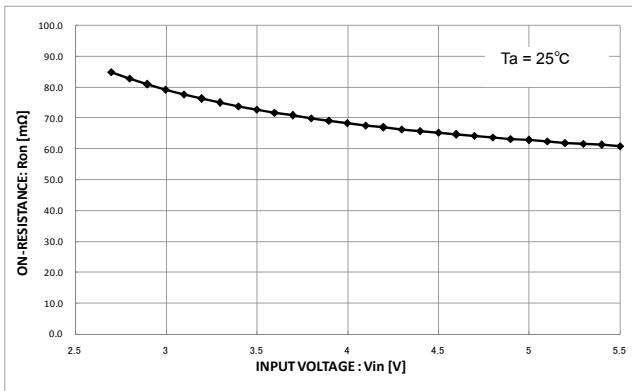


Fig.20 PMOS on resistance-power-supply voltage

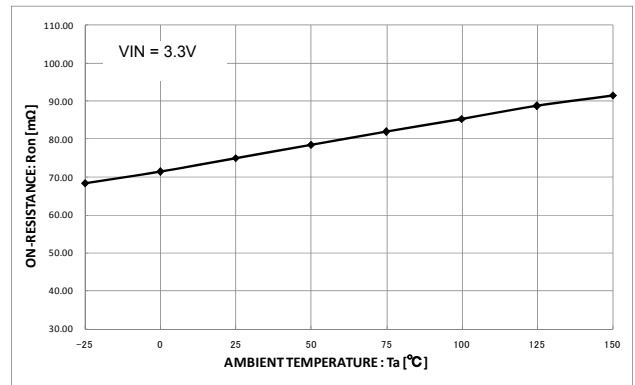


Fig.21 PMOS on resistance-temperature characteristic

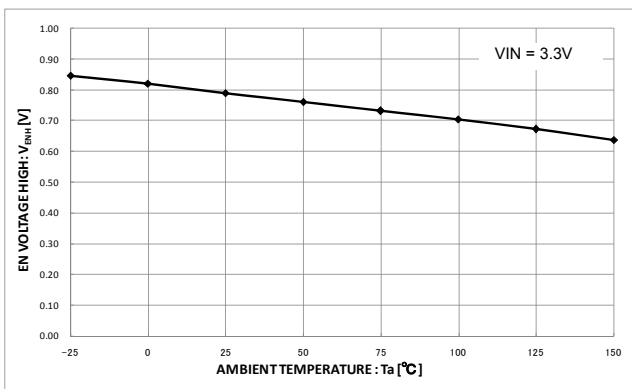


Fig.22 Terminal EN H voltage-temperature characteristic

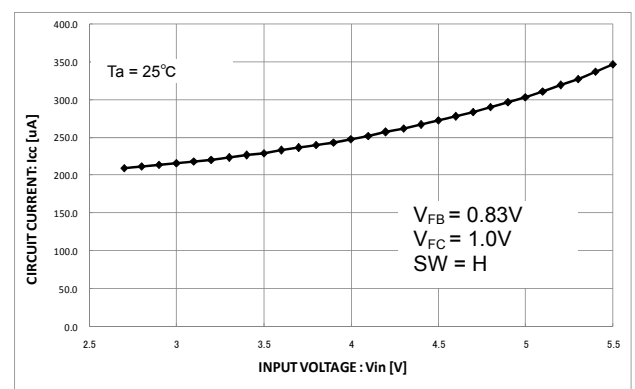


Fig.23 Circuit current-power-supply voltage characteristic

●Ordering part number

B	D
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Part No

8	6	2	2
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Part No.

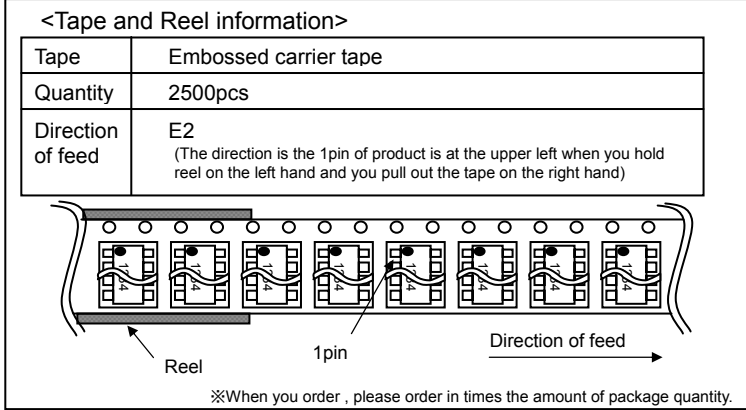
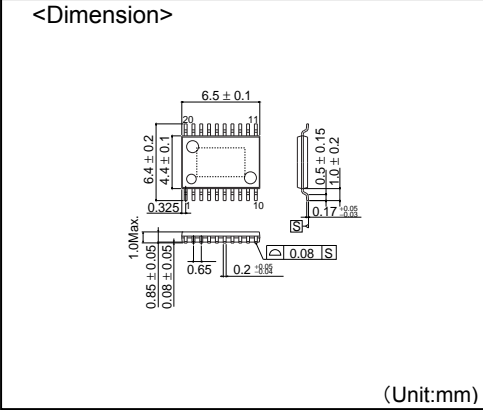
E	F	V
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Package  
EFV: HTSSOP-B20

E	2
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Packaging and forming specification  
E2: Embossed tape and reel

HTSSOP-B20



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